8.2.7 **Extractive industry code**

8.2.7.1 Application

This code applies to assessing a material change of use for development involving extractive industry.

8.2.7.2 **Purpose**

- The purpose of the code is to ensure extractive industry operations are undertaken in a safe (1) and efficient manner that is environmentally sensitive and minimises off-site impacts.
- The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes: (2)
 - extractive industry is appropriately separated from incompatible and sensitive land uses; (a)
 - (b) extractive industry appropriately manages the operational impacts of the activity and protects public safety:
 - significant ecological and biodiversity values including and waterbodies, watercourses (c) and wetlands are protected from the impacts of extractive industry:
 - (d) the visual impacts of extractive industry are appropriately managed;
 - new haulage routes do not interfere with the safe and efficient operation of the road (e) network or adversely impact on the amenity of sensitive land uses adjacent to the route; and
 - the land is progressively rehabilitated during the lifetime of the extractive industry. (f)

8.2.7.3 Assessment benchmarks

Part A - Assessment benchmarks for assessable development

Table 8.2.7.3 - Assessment benchmarks for assessable development

Performance outcomes Acceptable outcomes For assessable development Separation distances PO1 AO1.1

The effects of extractive industry operations (dust, air and noise emissions, blasting, vibration and overpressure) and from associated transport movements do not create significant environmental harm, unreasonably disrupt the amenity of nearby sensitive land uses, or detract from the significance of protected areas.

Extractive industry operations that involve blasting and/or crushing, are located a minimum 1,000 metres from:

- (a) a sensitive land use not associated with the extractive industry excluding dwelling(s) on land that is the subject of the extractive industry; or
- (b) land located in the General residential zone or Rural residential zone.

AO1.2

Extractive industry operations that do not involve blasting and/or crushing of rock (namely sand, gravel, clay and soil extraction) are located:

- (a) a minimum of 200 metres from a sensitive land use excluding a dwelling(s) on land that is the subject of the extractive industry; or
- (b) land in a General residential zone, General residential zone - park residential precinct or Rural residential zone.

AO1.3

External haul routes, other than a State-controlled road or transport route identified on **OM006a-b**, are located not less than 100 metres from a sensitive

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes
	land use (not associated with the subject site) or land in a General residential zone, General residential zone - park residential precinct, or Rural residential zone.
Environmental values	,
PO2	AO2.1
Where in a <i>key resource area</i> , the design, operation and staging of the <i>extractive industry</i> appropriately mitigates impacts on areas of ecological significance, scenic amenity and landscape character of the locality.	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO3	AO3.1
Where not in a <i>key resource area</i> the design, operation and staging of the <i>extractive</i>	Development for an extractive industry is not located in:
industry appropriately protects and avoids impacts on areas of ecological significance, scenic amenity and landscape character of	(a) an area of ecological significance or protected estate identified on Biodiversity overlay maps OM003a-b;
the locality.	(b) a high scenic amenity area identified on Scenic amenity overlay map OM12a-b; or
	a scenic route section identified on Scenic amenity overlay map OM12a-b

Managing the effects of extractive industry operations

PO4

Wastewater and stormwater discharge does not:

- (a) adversely impact on water quality;
- (b) result in the worsening of stormwater quality or quantity; or
- (c) create environmental harm or environmental nuisance.

AO4.1

Banks and channels are constructed to divert stormwater runoff away from disturbed areas.

AO4.2

Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater runoff from disturbed areas for treatment by sedimentation / settlement or flocculation such that there is no *off-site* discharge likely to cause environmental harm.

AO4.3

Bunding, diversion, containment, treatment, clearing, recycling and disposal of wastes is carried out such that no environmental harm is caused.

AO4.4

Suitable treatment of erosion prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes
Extractive industry operations minimise lighting impacts from external viewpoints, including public roads, other public vantage points, and neighbouring properties, taking into consideration the: (a) illumination levels; (b) periods of illumination; (c) direction of lighting; (d) use of vegetation buffers; and (e) proximity to sensitive land uses.	AO5.1 Lighting complies with Australian Standard AS4282 Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting.
PO6 Air quality is managed to acceptable levels and standards.	AO6.1 Development complies with Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 2008.
PO7 Noise and vibration is managed in accordance accepted standards.	AO7.1 Blasting operations are limited to between the hours of 9.00am to 5.00pm Monday to Friday. AO7.2 Extraction, crushing, screening loading and the operation of plant equipment and haulage are only to be undertaken between the hours of: (a) 6.00am and 6.00pm Monday to Friday; and (b) 8.00am and 3.00pm on Saturdays.
 PO8 The haulage of extractive material ensures: (a) the <i>roads</i> used as haulage routes are of an adequate standard to accommodate the type and frequency of traffic generated; (b) haulage routes are maintained including the removal of dirt and other debris or spillage from trucks; and (c) haulage routes do not compromise traffic safety in the area. 	AO8.1 No acceptable outcome provided.
PO9 Public access to the <i>site</i> is strictly managed to ensure public safety.	AO9.1 Blasting does not result in material escaping the site. AO9.2 Warning signs are placed on the perimeter fence every 200 metres on any frontage to a public road.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
Landscape buffering		
Extractive industry buildings, machinery operating areas and access ways are sited and effectively screened from public roads, other public vantage points, and neighbouring properties. Landscaping species complement the biodiversity values of the site and surrounding area.	AO10.1 A landscape buffer of a minimum 25 metres screens site operations and incorporates the following elements where appropriate: (a) native plants of local origin; (b) known food and habitat trees and shrubs; (c) replication of adjacent healthy remnant habitats, including understorey vegetation; and (d) no declared noxious plants, weeds or invasive plants likely to displace native flora species or degrade fauna habitat.	
Rehabilitation		
PO11 Progressive rehabilitation of the <i>site</i> is to be carried out over the life of the extractive operations to minimise the impacts on the environment and to retain the environmental values and natural appearance of the surroundings.	AO11.1 No acceptable outcome provided.	